



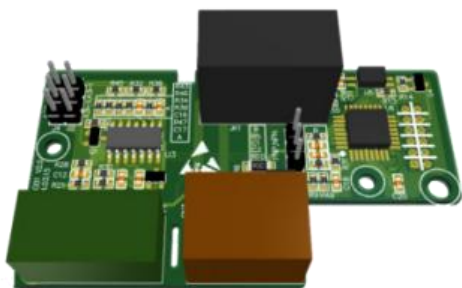
VC Series Expansion Module User Manual

Contents

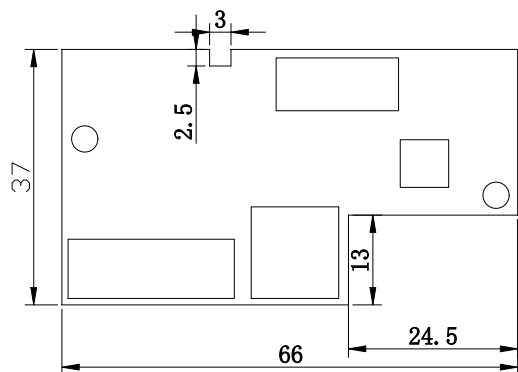
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1.2 Specification of structural dimensions

VC series Expansion module In order to ensure the versatility of the whole series, the size of each type of Expansion module is compatible with the design, and its basic size and the installation and connection mode of the inverter body are consistent (external wiring cannot be maintained because of different external equipment and wiring cables). The basic structure size information is as follows:



Expansion module 3D model diagram

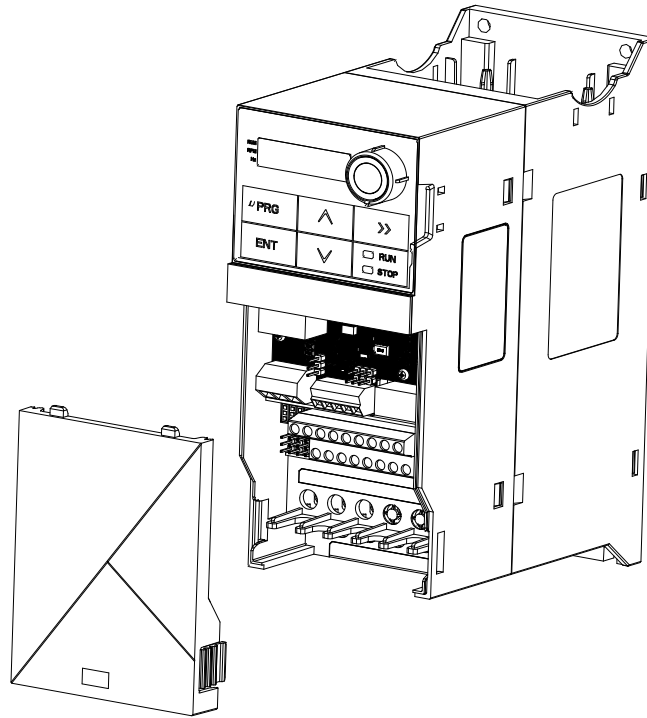


Expansion module main dimensions diagram

Note: 1. Due to different functional configurations, Expansion modules may differ in hardware device type, component layout, and type of external ports, as well as the required installation space and height. The required installation space and height may vary depending on the actual situation.

1.3 Expansion module installation instructions

VC series considers the use of ease of use. When using the Expansion module, the module is fixed in the relative position of the inverter product. The installation method can be referred to the following figure:



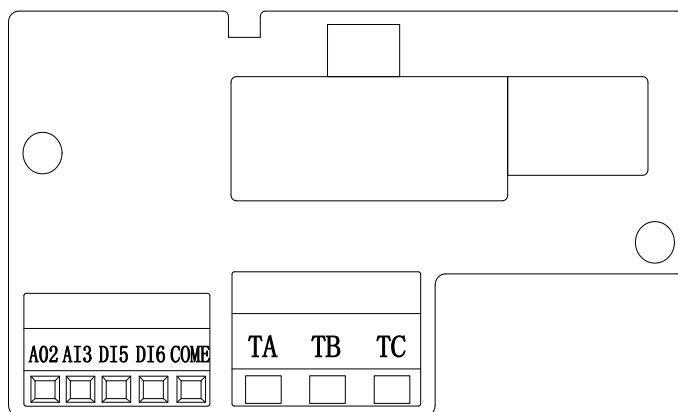
Operation process:

1. Be sure to disconnect the power supply of the inverter, and remove the wiring operation after the inverter is actually powered off to ensure the safety of the operator;
2. Open the lower wiring cover of the inverter;
3. Take out the selected expansion board from the package, make sure that the connector on the back of the expansion version is firmly inserted with the reserved connector expansion port on the VFD, and then use the screw accessories in the accessory bag to fix the Expansion module and the VFD;
4. Connect the corresponding external signal cable/industrial network cable to the corresponding port on the expansion version;
5. After making sure that the wiring is firm, close the lower wiring cover of the upper VFD again;
6. Turn on the power inverter power, communication can be used normally without abnormal.

1.4 Expansion module technical indicators

1.4.1 Standard IO Expansion module MCU edition

A.Terminal configuration and arrangement



| No. | Terminal identification | Terminal function | Correlation description |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 1 | AO2 | Analog output | Voltage or current output can be switched via jumper cap Output voltage range: 0V-10V Output current range: 0mA - 20mA |
| 2 | AI3 | Analog input | Can change the voltage¤t output by the jumper cap Input range: DC0V - 10V/0mA - 20mA Input impedance: Voltage input 100kΩ, current input 500kΩ |
| 3 | DI5 | Digital input | Optocoupler isolation Input impedance: 4kΩ |
| 4 | DI6 | Digital input | Voltage range when level input: 9V to 30V |
| 5 | COME | Granding | Same as COM with inverter |
| 6 | TA-TB | Relay normally closed | Contact drive capability AC 250V,3A, COSφ=0.4; DC 30V, 1A |
| 7 | TA-TC | Relay normally on | |

B.VFD parameter setting

| Function code | Name | Set the scope and description | Factory default | Status | Communication address |
|---------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|--------|-----------------------|
| F5.04 | DI5 Terminal function selection | 0: Non-function 1: Forward running (FWD) 2: Reverse running (REV) 3: Three-wire operation control 4: Forward rotation (FJOG) 5: Reverse motion(RJOG) 6: Terminal UP 7: Terminal DOWN 8: Free Stop 9: Fault RESET(RESET) 10: The running stops 11: The external fault is normally turned on 12: Multi-speed command terminal 1 13: Multi-speed command terminal 2 | | ● | 0x0504 |
| F5.05 | DI6 Terminal function selection | 14: Multi-speed command terminal 3 15: Multi-speed command terminal 4 16: Acceleration and deceleration time select terminal 1 17: Acceleration and deceleration time select terminal 2 18: Frequency source switching (terminal, keyboard) 19: Reset the UP/DOWN setting 20: Run commands to switch terminals 21: Acceleration and deceleration prohibited | 0 | ● | 0x0505 |

| | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | <p>22: PID is suspended</p> <p>23: The PLC status is reset</p> <p>24: Pendulum pause</p> <p>25: Counter input</p> <p>26: The counter reset</p> <p>27: Length count input</p> <p>28: The length is reset</p> <p>29: Torque control prohibited</p> <p>30: PULSE pulse input (only DI4 valid)</p> <p>31: Reservations</p> <p>32: Immediate DC braking</p> <p>33: The external fault is normally closed</p> <p>34: Reserved</p> <p>35: The direction of PID action is reversed</p> <p>36: External parking terminal 1</p> <p>37: Control command switching terminal</p> <p>38: PID integration pause terminal</p> <p>39: Main frequency source and preset frequency switching terminal</p> <p>40: Auxiliary frequency source and preset frequency switching terminals</p> <p>41: Reserved</p> <p>42: Reserved</p> <p>43: PID parameter switching terminal</p> <p>44: User-defined fault 1</p> <p>45: User-defined fault 2</p> <p>46: Speed control/torque control switch</p> <p>47: Emergency stop</p> <p>48: External parking terminal 2</p> <p>49: Decelerate DC braking</p> <p>50: The running time is</p> | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|

| | | | | | |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|--------|
| | | cleared 51: Indicates that the function is enabled periodically 52: Periodic reset | | | |
| F5.38 | Enter terminal valid status setting 2 | 0: Active low 1: Active high LED bits: D5 terminal LED ten: D6 terminal | 0 | ● | 0x0526 |
| F5.39 | Enter terminal valid status setting 3 | 0: The low level is valid 1: The high level is valid LED hundred: AI3 | 0 | ● | 0x0527 |
| F5.40 | Analog input curve selection | 0: Straight line (default) 1: Curve 1 2: Curve 2 Hundreds place: AI3 | 0 | ● | 0x0528 |
| F5.57 | AI3 Select the DI terminal function | 0: Non-function 1: Forward running (FWD) 2: Reverse running (REV) 3: Three-wire operation control 4: Forward rotation (FJOG) 5: Reverse motion(RJOG) 6: Terminal UP 7: Terminal DOWN 8: Free Stop 9: Fault RESET(RESET) 10: The running stops 11: The external fault is normally turned on 12: Multi-speed command terminal 1 13: Multi-speed command terminal 2 14: Multi-speed command terminal 3 15: Multi-speed command terminal 4 16: Acceleration and deceleration time select terminal 1 | | ○ | 0x0539 |

| | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | <p>17: Acceleration and deceleration time select terminal 2</p> <p>18: Frequency source switching (terminal, keyboard)</p> <p>19: Reset the UP/DOWN setting</p> <p>20: Run commands to switch terminals</p> <p>21: Acceleration and deceleration prohibited</p> <p>22: PID is suspended</p> <p>23: The PLC status is reset</p> <p>24: Pendulum pause</p> <p>25: Counter input</p> <p>26: The counter reset</p> <p>27: Length count input</p> <p>28: The length is reset</p> <p>29: Torque control prohibited</p> <p>30: PULSE pulse input (only DI4 valid)</p> <p>31: Reserved</p> <p>32: Immediate DC braking</p> <p>33: The external fault is normally closed</p> <p>34: Reserved</p> <p>35: The direction of PID action is reversed</p> <p>36: External parking terminal 1</p> <p>37: Control command switching terminal</p> <p>38: PID integration pause terminal</p> <p>39: Main frequency source and preset frequency switching terminal</p> <p>40: Auxiliary frequency source and preset frequency switching terminals</p> <p>41: Reserved</p> | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|

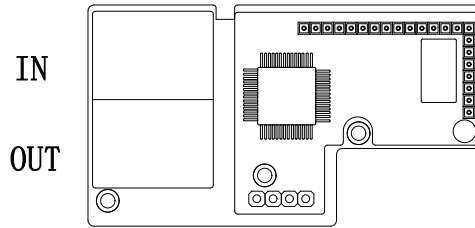
| | | | | | |
|-------|--|---|----------|---|--------|
| | | 42: Reserved 43: PID parameter switching terminal 44: User-defined fault 1 45: User-defined fault 2 46: Speed control/torque control switch 47: Emergency stop 48: External parking terminal 2 49: Decelerate DC braking 50: The running time is cleared 51: Indicates that the function is enabled periodically 52: Periodic reset | | | |
| F5.59 | AI3(Extension) Input selection | 0: 0-10V 1: 4-20mA 2: 0-20mA 3: 0-5V 4: 0.5-4.5V | 0 | | 0x053B |
| F5.61 | AI3(extended) lower limit | 0 - F5.63 | 0.00V | ○ | 0x053D |
| F5.62 | AI3(extended) lower limit is set accordingly | -100.0% - +100.0% | 0.00% | ○ | 0x053E |
| F5.63 | AI3(extended) Upper limit | F5.61 - +10.00V | 10.00V | ○ | 0x054F |
| F5.64 | AI3(extended) upper limit corresponds to the setting | -100.0% - +100.0% | 100.00 % | ○ | 0x0540 |
| F5.65 | AI3(extended) filtering time | 0.00-10.00s | 0.10s | ○ | 0x0542 |
| F5.66 | AI4(Extended) lower limit | 0 - F5.68 | 0.00V | ○ | 0x0543 |
| F5.67 | AI4(extended) lower limit is set accordingly | -100.0% - +100.0% | 0.00% | ○ | 0x0544 |
| F5.68 | AI4 (extended) Upper limit | F5.66 - +10.00V | 10.00V | ○ | 0x0545 |
| F5.69 | AI4(extended) upper limit corresponds to the setting | -100.0% - +100.0% | 100.00 % | ○ | 0x0546 |

| | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|---|-------|---|--------|
| F5.70 | AI4(extended) filtering time | 0.00-10.00s | 0.10s | o | 0x0547 |
| F6.03 | Relay 2 Output selection (extended) | <p>0: No output</p> <p>1: The inverter is in operation.</p> <p>2: Fault output (fault shutdown)</p> <p>3: Frequency level detection FDT1 output</p> <p>4: Frequency reaches</p> <p>5: Zero speed running 1</p> <p>6: Motor overload forecast alarm</p> <p>7: inverter overload forecast alarm</p> <p>8: Set meter value reached</p> <p>9: The specified count value is reached.</p> <p>10: Length reached</p> <p>11: The PLC cycle is complete</p> <p>12: The accumulated running time reaches</p> <p>13: Reserved</p> <p>14: Torque limit</p> <p>15: Ready to run</p> <p>16: AI1 > AI2</p> <p>17: The upper frequency reaches</p> <p>18: The lower limit frequency reaches 1</p> <p>19: Output in undervoltage state</p> <p>20: Communication control</p> <p>21: Positioning completed (Reserved)</p> <p>22: Positioning close (Reserved)</p> <p>23: Zero speed running 2</p> <p>24: The cumulative power-on time reaches</p> <p>25: Frequency level detection FDT2 output</p> <p>26: Frequency reaches 1</p> | | - | 0x0609 |

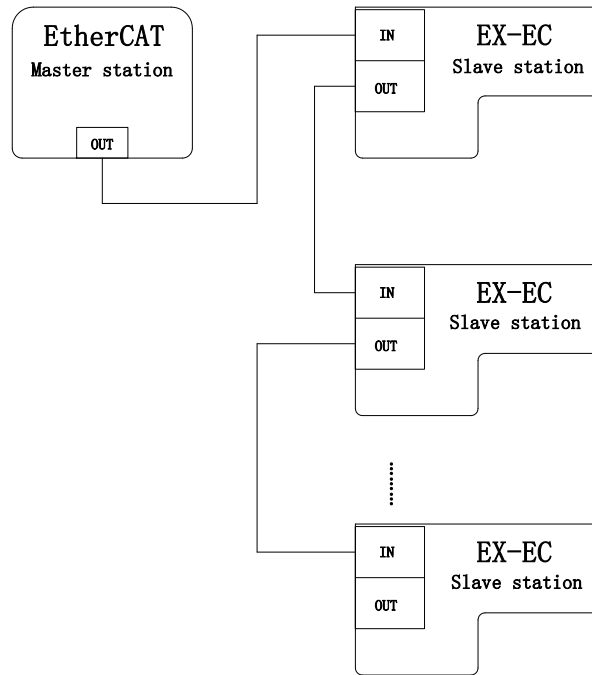
| | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|------|---|--------|
| | | output 27: Frequency reaches 2 output 28: Current reaches 1 output 29: Current reaches 2 output 30: Timed to reach output 31: Reserved 32: Reserved 33: Running direction 34: Reserved 35: The module temperature reaches 36: Reserved 37: The lower limit frequency reaches 2 38: Fault output 2 39: Reserved 40: The running time arrives 41: User-defined output 1 42: User-defined output 2 43: Timer output 44: Running forward 45: Reverse running | | | |
| F6.25 | Relay 2 on delay time | 0.0s - 3600.0s | 0.0s | ○ | 0x0619 |
| F6.29 | Relay 2 disconnect delay time | 0.0s - 3600.0s | 0.0s | ○ | 0x061D |

1.4.3 EtherCAT Protocol bus communication Expansion module

A.Terminal configuration and arrangement



B.The connection topology when multi-machine connections are used



C.EtherCAT Communication description

① EtherCAT Communication description: In DC mode, ensure that the DC is greater than or equal to 1ms and the synchronization period is less than 100ms. Otherwise, the EtherCAT communication module may report an error.

② Indicator status: LED5 blinks rapidly ----- Normal communication
 LED5 Blinking at a slow rate or the status does not change -----Disconnected

③ PDO description: The data in the PDO area realizes the real-time change and reading of the data from the master station to the inverter and periodic data interaction. The communication address of the data is directly configured by the VFD. These include:

- VFD control command and target frequency are given in real time
- The current status and running frequency of inverter can be read in real time.
- Real-time interaction of functional parameters and monitoring parameters between VFD and EtherCAT master station.

The PDO process data mainly completes the periodic data interaction between the main station and

the VFD. The interactive data is shown in the following table.PDO.

Master send PDO(0x1600)

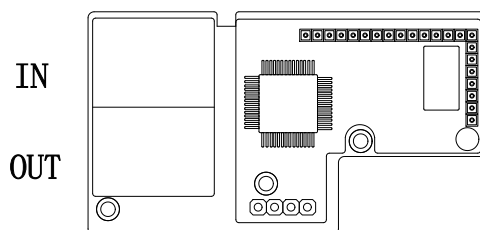
| | | |
|-------|------------------------------|--|
| RPDO1 | The command from AC Driver | 01:Running forward 02: Running reverse 03:Positive turn point stop 04: Reverse the dots 05: Free stop 06: Slow down & stop 07: Reset the fault |
| RPDO2 | AC Driver's target frequency | -10000~10000 (-10000 for -100% 10000 for 100%) |

Master reception PDO(0x1A00)

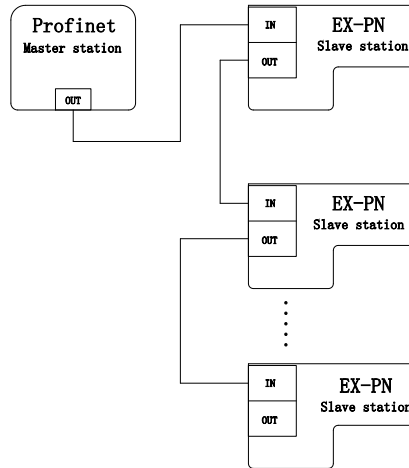
| | | |
|--------|-----------------------|--|
| TPDO1 | AC Driver state | 01: Running forward 02: Running reverse 03: Standby 04: Fault 05: Under-voltage 06: Direction switching |
| TPDO2 | Running frequency(Hz) | 0.01Hz |
| TPDO3 | Setting frequency(Hz) | 0.01Hz |
| TPDO4 | Bus voltage(V) | 0.1V |
| TPDO5 | Output voltage(V) | 1V |
| TPDO6 | Bus current(A) | 0.1A |
| TPDO7 | Output power(kW) | 0.1% |
| TPDO8 | Output torque(%) | 0.1% |
| TPDO9 | DI Input state | |
| TPDO10 | DO Output state | |

1.4.4 Profinet Protocol bus communication Expansion module

A.Terminal configuration



B.The connection topology when multi-machine connections are used



C. Profinet Communication description

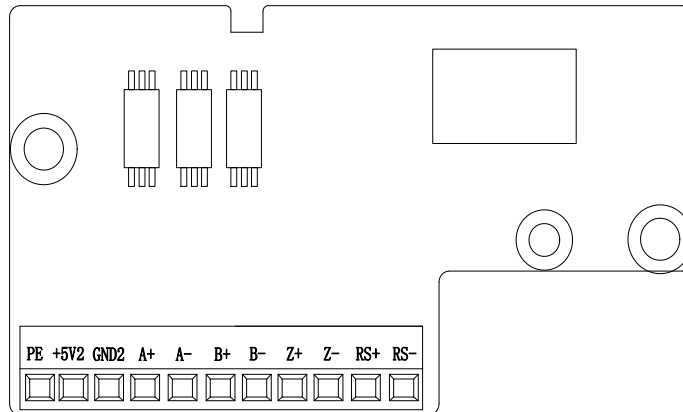
① At present, Profinet protocol bus communication Expansion module supports PZD2/2,PZD4/4 message form. PZD2/2 fixed two monitoring parameters, one is the current Status of the inverter and Running Frequency, the other is the run command and set the start frequency.

PZD4/4 In addition to the two fixed monitoring parameters and setting parameters of PZD2/2, two sets of variable setting parameters and monitoring parameters are added. Users can add and modify them based on addresses.

※ If necessary, more parameters can be customized later.

1.4.5 PGIP Incremental photoelectric encoder Expansion module

A.Terminal configuration



| No. | Identification | Terminal function | Correlation description |
|-----|----------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | PE | Grounding | Same as COM with inverter |
| 2 | +5V 2 | 5V Power Supply | Internal isolation of 5V power supply, $\leq 200\text{mA}$, isolation scheme can significantly reduce the motor side to the encoder power supply interference. |
| 3 | GND 2 | Grounding | It is the same as the GND delivered with the inverter |
| 4 | A+ | Encoder A phase signal+ | Connect to the A phase of the encoder. See remarks for connection of different output schemes |
| 5 | A- | Encoder A phase signal- | |
| 6 | B+ | Encoder B phase signal+ | Connect to the B phase of the encoder. See remarks for connection of different output schemes |
| 7 | B- | Encoder B phase signal- | |
| 8 | Z+ | Encoder Z phase signal+ | Connect to the Z phase of the encoder. See remarks for connection of different output schemes |
| 9 | Z- | Encoder Z phase signal- | |
| 10 | RS+ | 485 Communication terminal+ | 485 communication terminal +, designed for isolation scheme, can reduce communication interference |
| 11 | RS- | 485 Communication terminal- | 485 communication terminal -, designed for isolation scheme, can reduce communication interference |

※For ABZ terminals, the encoder needs to connect the corresponding (+) (-) terminal for differential output;

If the encoder is also an NPN output, the corresponding (+) terminal needs to be short-circuited to the 5V terminal. The corresponding terminal of the encoder is connected to the Expansion module (-) terminal;

If the encoder is PNP output at the same time, the corresponding (-) terminal needs to be short-connected to the GND terminal. The corresponding terminal of the encoder is connected to the Expansion module (+) terminal;

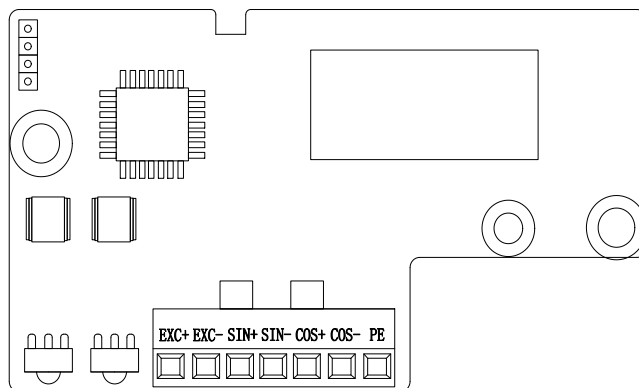
B.Related parameter setting

| Function code | Name | Setting range & description | Factory default | Status | Communication address |
|---------------|--------------------|---|-----------------|--------|-----------------------|
| F0.00 | Motor control mode | 0: Speed sensorless vector control(SVC) 1: V/F Control 2: Closed loop vector control(FVC) | 1 | ● | 0x0000 |

| | | | | | |
|-------|---|---|----------|---|--------|
| F2.00 | Motor type | 0: Asynchronous motor 1: Permanent magnet synchronous motor 2: Single-phase induction machine(FVC) | 0 | ● | 0x0200 |
| F2.16 | Speed feedback or encoder type | Units: encoder type 0: Ordinary ABZ encoder 1: Rotary encoder 2: UVW encoder 3: Provincial line UVW encoder Tens place: encoder direction 0: The direction is the same. 1: The direction is reversed. Hundred digit: line break detection 0: Off 1: Enable Thousands: Reserved | 0 | ● | 0x0210 |
| F2.17 | Number of wire in photoelectric encoder | 0 - 60000 | 2500 | ● | 0x0211 |
| F2.18 | PG break detection time | 0.000 - 60.000s | 0.100sec | ○ | 0x0212 |
| F2.19 | Number of rotary encoder poles | 2 - 128 | 2 | ● | 0x0213 |
| F2.20 | Encoder mounting reduction ratio | 0.100 - 50.000 | 1.000 | ● | 0x0214 |
| F2.21 | Encoder filtering time | 1 - 1000ms | 10ms | ● | 0x0215 |
| D0.50 | Encoder feedback frequency | 0.01Hz | | | 0xD10A |
| D0.51 | Encoder position | | | | 0xD10B |
| D0.52 | Spin feedback data | | | | 0xD10C |

1.4.6 PGRT Rotary encoder Expansion module

A. Terminal configuration



| No. | Identification | Terminal function | Description |
|-----|----------------|--------------------------------|---|
| 1 | EXC+ | Excitation terminal + terminal | Connected to the drive end of the rotary transformer, the standard version output is 6VRMS,10kHz, if other parameters need to be customized |
| 2 | EXC- | Excitation terminal - terminal | |
| 3 | SIN+ | Feedback segment + terminal | Connected to the feedback end of the rotary transformer, the ratio is 1: 2 |
| 4 | SIN- | Feedback segment - terminal | |
| 5 | COS+ | Feedback segment + terminal | |
| 6 | COS- | Feedback segment - terminal | |
| 7 | PE | Grounding | Ground terminal |

B. Set related parameters

For parameter Settings, see 12.4.5 Parameter Settings of PGIP Incremental Optical Encoder Expansion module -B